

1875-76.
(L. R.).

File No. 8 of 1875
Serial No. 1-14.

Sub: Division of inconveniently
large fields.

(100) KE

G. R. S. IX-5]

Previous references.

1875-6
~~191~~.

File No. 8 of 1875

Serial Nos. 1

Later references.

(L. R)

GENERAL AND REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Serial Nos. 1 - 14

Part B for

SUBJECT.

Division of inconveniently large
fields.

Indexed AS

(1)

No. 383 of 1876

From

3

Isaac W. L. Anderson
Survey & Settlement Commissioner
Mysore

To

The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner
for the Government of the Territories of
His Highness the Maharajah of
Mysore

Section	2
File No	3
Serial No	

Survey Commissioner's Office
Mysore Territory

Banawar 13th March 1876

Sir,

By notification of the Govern-
ment of India in the Foreign Department
No. 83 of the 30 April 1869 Bombay Act
IV of 1868 is made applicable to the
territory of Mysore.

2nd

Rule 2 under Section XVII of
the above Act provides that a minimum
area shall be fixed below which sub-
-division of a Survey number shall not
be allowed to go in carrying out the

Decree

decree of a civil court. ✓_u

No minimum area has as yet been fixed for Mysore. I beg to propose the following areas for sanction.

	Acre	Goontas	
Dry crop land	3	0	Three acres
Rice land	0	20	Half an acre.
Garden land	0	10	Quarter of an acre.

4th It must be understood that the integrity of a Survey number as demarcated and shown on the Map and recorded in the accounts is in no way affected by this subdivision, which must occur entirely within the limits of a recorded Survey number and without detriment to its limits.

to In proposing the above minimum areas I have been principally guided by the areas found advisable under the same Section of the Act in Districts of the Bombay Presidency which appear to

3 to be similarly circumstanced to Mys.
These areas will be found at Page 2.
of the Blue covered Volume called
Official Correspondence on the system
of Revenue Survey and assessment &c.
in the Bombay Presidency.

your obt^d servant

Harrison

Survey & Settlement Commissioner
Mysore

Comp. No. 2 - P

Memo

Letter No. 383 dated 13th
March 1876 from the
Survey and Settlement
Commissioner of Mysore

In the foregoing
letter, the Survey and
Settlement Commissioner
proposes to fix minimum
areas below which sub-
-division of a Survey
number shall not be
allowed in carrying out
the decree of a Civil
Court, under the terms
of Rule 2 under Section
XVII of Bombay Act
IV of 1868.

2. The Bombay Act
in question was extended
to Mysore by Govt of
India's notification

No. 83 of 30th April 1869. (91)

So far as it amends
Bombay Act I of 1865,
otherwise called the
"Survey and Settlement Act."

Section XVI of Act IV
of 1868 repeals Section 45
of the Survey and
Settlement Act and
Section XVII is substituted
in its place. Rule 2 of
that Section referred to
by the Survey Commis-
sioner is quoted in the
margin for ready reference.

3. The minimum
areas proposed by
Colonel Anderson, and
which have been based
upon a consideration
of the areas fixed for
the districts of the
Bombay Presidency

When the decree cannot be
equitably executed without the
subdivision of a number, or
recognition share of a number, the
Collector shall subdivide any
number or recognition share of
a number, provided that
no number, or recognition
share of a number, shall be
made of less extent than a
minimum, to be fixed from
time to time in each district
for the several classes of land
by the Commissioner of Survey
and Settlement, with the
sanction of Govt. A record
of the minima fixed shall
be kept in each taluk
cutchery, and shall be
open to the inspection of
the public at reasonable
hours.

10. 12. 42

3

which are similarly cir-
8 - cumstanced to Mysore,
are as follows.

	Acre.	Guntas
Dry crop land -	3 -	"
Rice land -	0 - 20 -	or half an acre.
Garden land	0 - 10 -	or one fourth of an acre.

18/12/42
Buffs - 15/12/42
Let me see notification
introducing the Act
into Mysore.
18/4/43
J & M

Please see copy
of Rules of the
Mysore Mysore.

Chifform - 19/12/42

The Chifform?
Can sanction this.
Sanction.

20/4.

J & M

W

a

Memo
Cavender

This is a question
which the experience
of our Com. will
of great value -
And as our people
may be referred
their opinion

Atk
Duffin 1/5
order
2/5 J. H. M.

18. 12. 72.

N^o 527.

AP

The opinion of the Sanmins
of Divisions were invited
on the subject in Chief Sanmin
Proceedings No: $\frac{1616}{2}$ of 27th
May 1876.

Letter No: 5 of 28th June 76.

Docket No: $\frac{282}{2}$ of 6th July 76.

2. The Sanmin of
Mumbydroog & Nagar, as
well as the Deputy Sanmin
in those Divisions, entirely
concur in the adoption
of the minimum area
of sub-division proposed
by the Survey & Settlement
Sanmin; but the
Sanmin of the
Aoktagram Division state
that the minimum in
the case of dry land
admits of being reduced
to 1 acre, which is the
approximate size of the
holding of the poorest class
of Ryots.

Letter No: 360 of 5th Sept. 76.

3. The Deputy Sanmin
of Hapan states that the
sub-division of a survey
number should not be
allowed to be fixed below
the minimum proposed
by the ^{Survey} Sanmin, while the

Deputy Commissioner of
Imperial Express his
concurrence in the
Survey Comr's proposal.

b

4. Of the two Apts who
have been consulted
by the Deputy Comr of
Bapan, Mr. Greene was
opposed considers the
minimum suggested by
the Survey Comr very
desirable, they being
the lowest that can be
proposed; while Mr.
Harsimenger thinks
that 3 acres for dry land
will often be found too
large a block for the
circumstances of the
poorer ryots & therefore
proposes that the minimum
should be fixed at 1 acre,
which being nearly equal
to $1\frac{1}{2}$ Kristharay Kolagar
will represent the extent
of the average poor ryots
holding -

5. Of the several Amildars
who have also been consulted

by the Deputy (ant) of Hapur, those of Arkalpur, Atkha Channarayapatna & Surajpur concur in the adoption of the minimum area proposed by the Survey Comr., while those of Manjarabad & Belur suggest that the minimum extent of dry land be fixed at 1 acre, as individual holdings of that description do not exceed in many cases that extent. The Hapur Amildar states that the minimum fixed for Hapur is reasonable; but as some of the holdings in the taluk are even less than those suggested by the Survey Department, he is of opinion that in such cases it would be sufficient if the names of share holders are mentioned in accounts. The Harnahalli Amildar is of opinion that the minimum should be as shown in the margin, considering the small extent of some holdings -

6. I think the Survey Comr.'s proposals may be adopted, except in the case of dry

Dry crop land	10	goontas
Rice land	2	do
Garden	1	do

land, the minimum of which may
being fixed at 1 acre as
recommended by the Com.
of the Arbitration Division.

13

R. M. Munro

15/9/76

This opinion is to be submitted
to the Com. of Arbit.
and Com. of the Arbitration
Division. It is a new
opinion in very limited, in

opinion of the new opinion
of the Com. of Arbit.
standing in the Arbitration

and as the proposed head
of the Arbitration Com. is the
result of the Com. of the Arbitration
Division, it should be
left set aside.

3 acres of dry land is not
more than 1/2 acre of dry land
as a rule holding, and
certainly consider that the
State purpose of the S. Com.
not adopted by 15/9

we may add

the recommendation
of the Arbitration Com.

is included in by Com.

the larger number of

the Arbitration Com.

Officers who have been

committed on the subject

15.9.76

order 15/9/76

Fixing minimum
below which sub.
of a survey number
shall not be allowed
carrying out the
of a Civil Court.

16

P. 1272

1876 152

14

The Survey & Settlement Commissioner

Mysore.

The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner,

General Department.

Dated

13th March 1876

Despatched

Received

16/3/76
Net. 17/4

ENCLOSURES No.

General No.

382

No.

File forwarded to Commissioner of Mysore

order drafted
19/4/76

memo filed
17/4/76

5

3

Letter No 383 dated

S

13th March 1876 from

the Survey and Settlement

Commissioners of Mysore

Section

L R

File No

80 of 1875

Vol

2

Order thereon

The Commissioners

of Divisions are request-

-ed to submit their

opinion on the pro-

-posals contained

in the ~~foregoing~~ ^{Survey Commission}

letter.

Recd

[Signature]
 Secy Secretary

To

[Signature]
 15/3/76
 Commr of Divisions

15/3/76

✓
to
16. Just
To the Comr^y

of 27th May
Draft

One page. No. 1
J. D. 29

Received 1.4
27-5-



Bombay Act
1868 Section XVII
For opinion on the
Comr^y propo
sals applic
Myself -

7
17

*Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner Mysore, Judicial Department,
27th May 1876.*

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Mysore, To the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 383, dated Bangalore, 13th March 1876.

By Notification of the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, No. 83 of the 30th April 1869, Bombay Act IV of 1868 is made applicable to the Territory of Mysore.

2. Rule 2 under Section XVII of the above Act provides that a minimum area shall be fixed, below which sub-division of a survey number shall not be allowed to go in carrying out the decree of a Civil Court.

3. No minimum area has as yet been fixed for Mysore. I beg to propose the following areas for sanction :—

	A.	C.	
Dry crop land	3	(	three acres.
Rice land	0	20	half an acre.
Garden land	0	10	quarter of an acre.

4. It must be understood that the integrity of survey number, as demarcated and shewn on the map and recorded in the accounts, is in no way affected by this sub-division, which must occur entirely within the limits of a recorded survey number and without detriment to its limits.

5. In proposing the above minimum areas, have been principally guided by the areas found advisable under the same section of the Act in districts of the Bombay Presidency which appear to be similarly circumstanced to Mysore. These areas will be found at page 267 of the Blue Covered Volume called Official Correspondence on the system of Revenue Survey and Assessment, &c., in the Bombay Presidency.

No. 1616—JUDL. 2, DATED BANGALORE, 27TH MAY 1876.

ORDER THEREON.—The Commissioners of Divisions are requested to submit their opinion on the proposals contained in the Survey Commissioner's letter.

J. S. F. MACKENZIE,
Offg. Secretary.

—The Commissioners of Divisions.

L
Ind
8

18

1876.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.
JUDICIAL.

Circular

To

THE COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Dated May 27th.

Despatched

Received

No. 1616.
Jud. 2.

From Comd. Mysore 27-6-76 No. 5 Ind
From Comd. Mysore 27-6-76 No. 288
From Comd. Mysore 27-6-76 No. 300
From Comd. Mysore 27-6-76 No. 300

Bombay Act IV of 1868, Section XVII.
Calling for opinion on the Survey Comm
proposal as to its applicability
Mysore.

9
R 875 19

Mundahrag Division
Commissioner's Office
Bangalore 27th June 1876.

To
The Secretary to the
Chief Commissioner
of Mysore.

Section
File No.
Serial No.

R
87895
3-11

Referring to the Chief Commis-
-sioner's order No. 1616 of the 27th Ultimo,
requesting opinion as to the minimum
area, below which subdivision of a
survey number shall not be al-
-lowed to go in carrying out the
decree of a Civil Court, I have the
honor to state, that I concur in the
proposal submitted by the Survey
and Settlement Commissioners
as the areas defined viz 3 acres - Dry
prop land. half an acre - Rice land.
Quarter of an acre garden land, seem
suitable.

2. The District Officers are
also unanimously of the same
opinion.

I have

10
I have the honor to be,
Sir,
20
Your most obedient servant,

Wm. H. Hall
Commissioner

11 Judicial 1876. 1843

Al.

From

To

The Commissioner,
Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Dated

Despatch

Received

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 1876-77

The Chief Commissioner's order No 1616
of the 27th ultimo.

Opinion as to the minimum
amount which subdivision
of a money number shall
not be allowed to go in car
rying out the decree of the
Civil Court.

30-6-70

This may lie over till the
reports from the Comrs of
Ashtapam & Nagar are
received.

Order dropped
(9/6/71)

To Duffer. 12/1
 10-7-76
 + Sent to Duffer with from
 Kumbhraj Commission of
 28-6-76 to 30-7-76

Encl. 1876. P. 2089
 2
 From The Commissioner of the
 Nagar Division
 To Secretary to Chief Commissioner, Mysore
 General Department.

N. 1210.
 7/8 of 1875
 within 5 days
 Serial No. 12/7/76

Dated 6th
 Despatched 7th July
 Received 10th
 RE 11-10
 ENCLOSURES NO -
 General No. 28 2/1876-77
 J. No. 2
 Chief Commissioner's Proceeding
 No 1616 - 2 dated 22nd May
 1876.

The Nandikot Division
 Commissioner has submitted
 his report on this subject.
 Reminder to the Ashtapam
 D^r Comr is herewith submitted.
 13/7/76

With reference to the above
 has the honor to state that
 The Deputy Commissioners who
 were consulted have reported
 their concurrence in the proposal
 to adopt the minimum areas
 of dry, rice and garden lands
 as suggested by the Survey
 Commissioner.

The undersigned is of opinion
 that the proposals are suitable.

Yr. Obedt Servt

Commissioner
 Nagar Division
 19/9/76
 W. C. M. S.

S
S-114.

1876.

13

From

To

The Commissioner

Ashtagram Dwn

Dated 15 July

Despatched 17

Received 22

ENCLOSURES NO. "

General No.

3940 ✓

No.

39

Gen

St

Sec

S. P. —
806 1275

5 —

Chief Comr's Prob No. 161.
2
dated 27th May/76 calling
for opinion on the subject
of fixing minimum areas
below which Survey P.
cannot be subdivided
in pursuance of the decrees
of the Civil Courts.

Requests early
attention to the above:

By Order.

13/7.

Officer in

U.

13/7/76.

14

General No. 360
Inst. 9Mysore Commissioner's Office
Mysore 5th September 1876.Section LK
File No. 80 of 1875
Serial 6The Secretary to the
Chief Commissioner of Mysore

As directed in the printed proceedings of the Chief Commissioner No. 1616 ^{Inst. 2} dated 27th May 1876, I have the honor to forward herewith copies of letters Nos. and dates as per margin from the Deputy Commissioners Mysore and Hassan, expressing their views regarding the proposal of the Survey Commr. for fixing under Rule 2, Section XVII of the Bombay Act IV of 1868, which is made applicable to this Province, the minimum areas of dry, wet and garden lands below which Sub Divisions of a Survey number shall not be allowed to go in carrying out the decree of a Civil Court.

The Deputy Commissioners of both the Districts, as well as the Assistants are in favor of the proposed scale which seems fair, and adaptable under existing circumstances except in the case of the minimum of dry land, which admits of being reduced to 1 acre being the approximate size of the holding of the poorest class of ryots.

I have the honor to be

Sir

Yours most obedt. servt.
L. C. Thimmappaiah
for Commissioner
Asst. Secy.* No. 376 dated 10th July 1876
from the Deputy Commr.
Mysore.* No. 529 dated 11th Aug.
1876, from the Deputy
Hassan with copy of
its enclosures.

to the Quaker, forwarding for an expression of my opinion,
copy of proceedings of the Ohio Convention on the
subject of the proposed amendment to the
constitution of the State, regarding the minimum area
of 1000, Section XVII, Article 2, regarding the minimum area
below which the Sub Division of County number shall
not be made in carrying out the State of Ohio Court.
I have the honor to state that I consider the minimum area
proposed by the Ohio Convention very advisable, they
being the lowest that can be proposed.

Yours truly
J. H. Vane

1st of June 1840

2nd of June 1840

Yours truly
J. H. Vane

1st of June 1840

Yours truly
J. H. Vane

Dated June 1840

The Secretary
Yours truly
J. H. Vane

Yours truly
J. H. Vane

In reply to your letter of the 18th of June 1840
dated 20th of June, I have the honor to state that the
minimum area for the County of Ohio is five square
miles for the west and south and four square miles
for the east and north - I have the honor to state
with often be found too large a block for the present
State of the present type - It is not difficult to add
two more, which are not quite necessary, when a large
future

15

Deputy Commissioner's Office

Albany 20th Nov.

Albany 11th August 1876.

The Commissioner

Albany Division

Sir

With reference to your letter of the 8th, dated 12th June 1876, I have the honor to forward for your information, copies of the marginally noted reports from the Commissioners of the Division, together with an abstract of the same. I should be sure, and to state that of an inquiry of opinion that the area suggested by the survey and adjacent (Commissioner) should be the minimum area taken which the Division of Albany would accept of the allowed to be made.

Yours Very

Wm. E. Miller

Deputy Commissioner

Albany Division

2nd Assistant Commissioner's Office

Albany 20th

Albany 21st June 1876

The Deputy Commissioner

Albany Division

Yours

of 20

Yours

20th

In reply to your letter of the 24th

Extent of dry crop land, for the same reasons as are explained by the Mangarabad Amildar.

Coincides with the views of the Survey & Channarayana Amildar Department.

Is of opinion that the following should 'Hanshalli' - do - be the minimum extent, considering the small extent

of some holdings :-

Dry Crop land - - - 10 Guntas.

Rice land - - - 2 - - do - -

Garden - - - 1 - - do - -

Coincides with the views of the Survey Dept. Narsipur Amildar
No report received. Hagganawla - do -

/ Sd/- H. E. Mottet.
Deputy Commissioner
Hassan Dist

"Copies"

J. F. Morris. Manager.

For Commr. John G.

1876. 19

From.

The Deputy Commissioner
Mysore Dist.

To

The Commissioner
Mysore Dist.

N^o 346.

Dated 10th July 1876.

This circular docket N^o 83 dated 12th ultimo for
warding for opinion copy of Chief Commissioner's
Proceedings regarding the proposal of the Survey and
Settlement Commission to fixing a minimum area for
shyamd.

In reply has the honor to submit that
in the opinion of the undersigned, the proposed measure
is desirable.

J. C. Phares
Deputy Commissioner
Mysore Dist.

"Copy"
J. F. Nova Manager.

For Commr. Mysore Dist.

40

9
A-15

Int.

1876.

O. 3549.

N. 9

From

To

Secretary to Chief Commissioner,
General Department.

Dated *Sept 5th 1876*

Despatched

Received

Reg.

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. *360* } 1876-77.
Sub. No. *9*

Submitting his views regarding
the proposal of the Survey Commr. for
fixing under Rule 2 Section XVII of the
Bombay Act IV of 1868 which is made
applicable to this Province.

Dr. J. H. ...
1-9-76

N^o 2062

J. H. (14) *19/9/76*

23/17

527 & 921

1000 Sub. ...

order drafted
19/9/76

S-94

21
Read Letter No: 383 of 13th March
1876 from the Survey and Settle-
ment Commissioners -

Letter No: 5 of 28th June 1876
from the Commissioners of the
Munddroog Division

Docket No: 282 of 6th June
1876 from the Commissioners
Nagar Division.

Letter No: 360 of 5th Sept
1876 from the Cant. Asstg.
Division & its enclosures.

Order thereon.

The Chief Commissioners
~~approve of the adoption of~~
the scale proposed by the
Survey & Settlement Com.
and ~~authorize its~~
~~adoption in the Revenue~~
~~and Revenue offices~~
~~of the administration~~
~~who have been consulted~~
~~have approved and direct~~

~~the publication of a~~ Notification
on the subject for general
information in English
published in the local press

By 19
Secretary

L R =
8 of 1875

This I have
proposed subject to
approval. A Draft
Notification is sent
B.M.

To, The Survey & Settlement Com.
To, The Commissioners of Dist.
To, The Deputy Commr of Dist.
To, The Camps, Mysore & the
for publication of the

22

jud^d ✓

To the Survey Sect. Comm.
Comm^r of Dis^y
10/9-6
of 25th Sept 1876

No 6265
78

One page.

~~25~~ 25
25-9-76

Phil

Bombay Act IV of 1860

Approving of Survey
Comm^r proposals
on the subject of

*Proceedings of the Chief Commissioner Mysore, Judicial Department,
20th September 1876.*

From the Survey and Settlement Commissioner Mysore, To the Offg. Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, General Department, 383, dated Banavar, 13th March 1876.

By Notification of the Government of India in Foreign Department, No. 83 of the 30th April 1869, Bombay Act IV of 1868 is made applicable to Territory of Mysore.

2. Rule 2 under Section XVII of the above Act provides that a minimum area shall be fixed below which sub-division of a survey number shall not be made in carrying out the decree of a Civil Court.

3. No minimum area has as yet been fixed for Mysore. I beg to propose the following areas for sanction:—

		Acres	Guntas.	
Dry crop land	..	3	0	Three acres.
Rice land	..	0	20	Half an acre.
Garden land	..	0	10	Quarter of an acre.

4. It must be understood that the integrity of a survey number, as demarcated and shown on the map and recorded in the accounts, is in no way affected by this sub-division, which must occur entirely within the limits of a recorded survey number and without detriment to its limits.

5. In proposing the above minimum areas, I have been principally guided by the areas found advisable under the same section of the Act in districts of Bombay Presidency which appear to be similarly circumstanced to Mysore. These areas will be found on page 267 of the Blue-covered Volume called Official Correspondence on the System of Revenue Survey Assessment, &c., in the Bombay Presidency.

READ—

Letter No. 5, dated 28th June 1876, from the Commissioner of the Nundydroog Division.

Docket No. 282—2, dated 6th July 1876, from the Commissioner, Nagar Division.

Letter No. 360—9, dated 5th September 1876, from the Commissioner, Ashtagram Division, and its enclosures.

No. 6265—JUDL. 78, DATED BANGALORE, 20TH SEPTEMBER 1876.

ORDER THEREON.—The Chief Commissioner approves of the scale proposed by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner, and authorizes its adoption in the Province. A Notification on the subject will be published in the local Gazette.

T. CLARKE,
Offg. Secretary.

To—The Survey and Settlement Commissioner.

„ Commissioners of Divisions.

„ Dy. Commissioners of Districts.

„ Compiler, Mysore Gazette, for publication
of the Notification.

*105 spec copies
2 " each*

*See No 6159 of 22nd Sep 76
1059*

✓
A-13
24

No 6265
78

1876.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

JUDICIAL.

To

THE SURVEY AND SETTLEMENT
COMMISSIONER.
„ COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISIONS.

Dated September 20th.

Despatched.

October 6th

Received.

Recd 10th

No. 6265.
Judl. 78.

Bombay Act IV of 1868.—Approving
of Survey Commissioner's proposals on the
subject of—

21-9-

as
Mysore Chief Commr's Office
Bangalore 22 September 1906.

Section 2h

Serial No

8061875

Notification

Under the provisions of Rule 2 Section XVII of Bombay Act of 1868 extended to Mysore by Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department No. 83 dated 30th April 1869, the minimum area, below which the subdivision of a Survey number shall not be allowed to be made in execution of the decree of a Civil Court has been fixed as follows.

	Acre.	Guntas
Dry Crop land	3	0
Rice land	"	20
Garden land	"	10

By order

W. H. M. S.

Off Secretary.

No 6159
G 1059

of the Compiler for
publication in the Gazette
& for 100 additional copies in
English & Kannada.

W. H. M. S.
22/9/06

26 ²
S-114

187 .

From

The Secretary to the Chief Commissioner
of Mysore.

To *Campbell Mysore*
Gazette -

Dated 22nd September/46

Despatched

Received

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 6159 } 187 .
No. 1059 }

27 Bangalore 22 September
1923
Notification.

Under the provisions of
Rule 2 section XVIII of Bamba
Act of 1868 extended to Mys.
by Notification of the Govern-
ment of India in the Foreign
Department No: 830/30th
April 1869, the minimum
area, below which ^{the} subdivi-
sion of a survey number shall
not be allowed to be made
in execution of the decree of
a civil court, has been
fixed as follows: -

	acres	Sontas
Dry land	3 - 0	
Rice land	" - 20	
Garden land	" - 10.	

" By order
Secretary

No 6159
G 1059

To, The Compiler for publication
in the Gazette -

4 for good copies to be kept 100
Annexure / Indirect /
200

Repetition

277
1919

296 No 305 of 1881

From the Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore

Received
9th April 1881

Apr 1881

The Secretary to the Dewar
to His Highness the
Maharaja of Mysore

Survey Superintendent's Office
Darya 6th May 1881.

Secy. Genl. L.R.
File No. 806/81
Serial No. 2

I have the honor to sub-
mit the report called for in
Secretary's No. 624 of the 28th
Ultimo, on certain points dis-
cussed in Paras 7, 8 and 11
of the Proceedings of the Dewar
dated the 29th March last.

2 Dealing with the above
points "seriation", I have to
report first on the subject
of the subdivision of in-
conveniently large Survey
fields. I propose fixing, in
communication with the
Deputy Commissioners of
Districts, a certain limit
in the case of all Survey
fields whether Dry crop,

rice

rice or garden, or of mixed character, beyond which the Ryot can, if he desires it, have his field subdivided on two conditions (1) that the fields as newly divided be re-classed and (2) that he pay for the cost of the operations of measuring and classing. The first of the above conditions is necessary because in many instances the Ryot desires subdivision, not for any convenience of cultivation, facility of transfer or similar legitimate reason, but because he hopes to gain something by the operation, as for instance by resigning the worst portion of the field and retaining the best, in the hope that the same rate which was fixed for the entire Survey field as it originally stood, will also apply to the portion he retains. This of course could not be permitted for the

the result ³⁴ would be in 14
= appropriate rates in the
newly divided Survey fields.
Reclassification will in
almost all cases, unless
the Ryot resigns the more
valuable portion of the
field, which is very im-
= probable, increase the rate
of assessment on the Ryot's
holding and reduce it on
the resigned portion. The
cost of dividing the field
will be quite immaterial
to any Ryot who desires sub-
= division from legitimate
motives while it may prob-
= ably, in conjunction with
the knowledge that the field
will be re-classed, deter
Ryots whose sole object is
to try and get the better
of Government.

3 The limit to be fix-
= ed as above will vary accord-
= ing to the relative circum-
= stances of each Taluk and
will

will be determined on, in
communication with the
Deputy Commissioner, but
broadly speaking it will
be unnecessary to redivide
any Dry crop Survey field
under 15 acres or any wet
or garden field under 5
acres. This will ensure
all really large holdings
being subdivided, should
the Ryots so desire. Minute
subdivision carries with it
much inconvenience to the
Ryot, in the shape of an
increased number of Boundary
Marks to maintain in order,
as well as to Government and
I consider it would be a
mistake to allow any smaller
subdivision, as a general
rule, than I have above
suggested. It must be re-
-membered that however
ready the Ryots may now
be to complain, the fields
were in the first instance
pointed

pointed out by the Ryots

themselves and measured accordingly.

4 In 1879 new Rules providing for more minute and convenient division of the village lands into Survey fields, were issued and for the future there will be no room whatever for complaint but in Taluks already settled cases of excessively large Survey fields must be systematically dealt with and will no doubt entail a good deal of trouble but the conditions laid down in Para 2 will probably tend to strike out of the list all frivolous and dishonest cases. After fixing the limit beyond which subdivision is to be allowed

the

6 With reference to Para 11
of the Proceedings of the
Dewan and also to Para 3
of Order No. 516-25 dated
22nd April 1881 on⁴ the settle-
ment of a portion of the
Massan Taluk, I have the
honor to make the following
observations on the suggestion
to alter the Survey Rule
which requires that an occu-
- pant of a wet field shall
pay the full assessment annu-
- ally whether he cultivates
or not.

7 The suggestion to levy
only half the assessment when
the land should from any
cause be waste, has this
much to recommend it that
its action would be com-
- paratively uniform, and
it comprises perhaps the
most moderate relaxation
possible of the existing
Survey Rule. I am never-
- theless unable to recommend
any alteration in the
present

present practice, for reasons ²¹⁵
which I will state as briefly
as possible. ~

8 The Survey assessment
is based, as regards water
supply, not upon the ex-
- ceptional circumstances
of any one year but upon
a fair average of a number
of years. It is therefore
strictly just that the occupant
should pay the average rate
thus fixed. As regards the
question of expediency I
do not think that in any
Rule, based on the suggestion
now under discussion, there
would be the same security
from fraud which is to be
found in the present practice
under which a Survey field
must be wholly waste or
wholly occupied and the
revenue consequently per-
- fectly safe. The remission
of half the assessment, in
the

the Deputy Commissioner should have prepared at the annual Jambhandi a list of fields requiring subdivision after it has been clearly explained to the Ryots that the lands will be reclassified and the cost recovered from them.

This list should be thoroughly complete, once for all, as it would entail great expense to take up cases which might crop up afterwards.

The list should be forwarded to the Survey Department for disposal.

5 The subject of Kinneri cultivation was reported on in detail, in my letter No 952 of the 10th December last to the address of the Survey Commissioner and has I believe come under the attention of Government and I await instructions.

The S. ...
No. 1020
20/12 10 31
Subd. ...
on 27/12 10
R

the case of land lying waste,
would have to apply to the
wet land in a whole Survey
field or recognized share
of a Survey field, an
arrangement which would
probably be very inconven-
-ient to the occupant and
yet absolutely necessary
on behalf of Government
interests. It is obvious
that the less complicated
the annual inspection by
the village officials the
more reliable and easy
must be the check to be
exerted on their proceedings
and, I fear, that any
concession in the shape
of remission on individual
holdings must undesirably
increase the dependence
of Government for the
revenue on the probity
of these village officials.

9 37 It is not easy to
estimate the effect of the
proposed measure upon
the revenue, but I
should anticipate that,
quite apart from any
question of fraud, the
results must be unfavour-
-able. More land might
be held but less would
be cultivated. We can-
-not ensure that an
occupant will leave his
land unsown or not accord-
-ing to the supply of water
available. Other considerations
will influence him and
I cannot but fear a
falling off in the total
cultivation as a direct
result of the suggestion
under report if carried
out. On the subject of
remissions generally I
would

+
obtained by his
Honourable
for June 1878
to Kioia. 7/7/80

would refer to Surveyor's
Commissioner's Memo No. 900⁺
of the 22nd July 1872 in
which are put forward,
although at greater length
very much the same views
I have now expressed.

I have the honour to be
Sir,
Your most obed^t Servant

L. J. Grant
Superintendent of
Rev. Survey

1881/100/107
1881/100/107

1881/100/107

From The Supt. Mysore
Rev. Survey

To
The Secretary to Government, the Dewan
to His Highness General Department, the
Maharaja of Mysore

Dated } 6th May 1881
Despatched }
Received } 10/5

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No. 305 } 1881-100
No.

Submits the report
called for on certain
points discussed in
Paras 7, 8 and 11 of the
Proceedings of the
Dewan dated the 29th
March last.

10.5.87
10/5

Submitted

11/5

I
286

(General Serial No. 31.)

W

188 .

From

To The Supdt of Revenue
Survey.

Dated 2^d

August/81.

Despatched

Received

Enclosures No.

General No. 3673

No. 35-

Section

File No

Serial No

LR

8 of 1875

10

Requests to be favored
with a copy of the
Rules of 1879, referred
to in paragraph 4 of
the Survey Superintendent's
letter No. 305 of 6th May/81
in regard to the division
of village lands into
survey fields -

By order

[Signature]
Secty.

8147 u

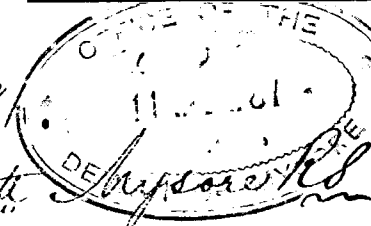
11.88

Ref Subd

25 Dec 1881

PR

Section No 806 1875
rial No 11



1881

From The Deputy Commissioner

To The Secretary to the Commissioner, the Dewar General Department.

Dated } Bangalore
Despatched } 11th August 1881
Received

ENCLOSURES NO. 4

General No. 486 } 1881-
No.

Secretary's Docket No. 3673 dated 2nd Instant.

Pegs to enclose a printed copy of Canarese Rules of 1879 and of the Supplementary Rules of 1880 regarding the division of lands into Survey Numbers together with free Abstract Translations of the same in

in English for ready
reference. W

J. Phant
Superintendent
Mysore Res. Survey

Rules of 1879 for the division- of lands into Survey Numbers.

Lands of different descriptions viz: Dry crop, Rice and Garden, occupied and unoccupied, should be divided up as below.

Section I. — Of Dry crop lands. —

Rule 1 — Occupied. —

dry crop
land.

Clause 1 — Six (6) acres (dry) should be considered the regulation size of a Survey Number and therefore land of that extent, held by one Pottadar, should be measured into a Number by itself and not included with the land of any other Pottadar.

Clause

See Section II
of Supplementary
Rules 1969

55 ⁴⁵ Clause 1. (The whole of this Rule and its clauses being repeated by Supplementary Rules, translation not given)

Section II. Of Rice Lands.

Rule 1. Occupied.

Occupied
wt. or
Rice land.

Clause 1. Two (2) acres of rice land should be considered the regulation size of a Survey Number and therefore a field of this size held by one Pattedar should be measured separately and not included with the field of another Pattedar.

Clause 2. Five (5) acres held by one Pattedar should be made into one Survey Number.

Clause

Clause 3. ^{wb} A field, held ^{sb} by one Pattedar, of 10 acres should be made into 2 Survey Numbers; one of more than 10 acres into 3 Survey Numbers, and so on.

Clause 4. Fields falling short of 2 acres may be clubbed together to form a Survey Number not exceeding 2 acres. When a holding of less area than is required by the above clause does not adjoin another holding similarly-circumstanced, it should be made a separate Survey Number notwithstanding its

deficiency

Clause 2.⁴⁴—Fifteen (15) acres, if held by one Pattadar only, should be made into one Number.

Clause 3.—More than 15 acres held by one Pattadar should be measured into two Numbers. More than 30 acres held by one Pattadar should be measured into 3 Numbers, and so on.

Clause 4.—A field, held by one Pattadar, if less than 6 acres, may be clubbed together with a field of another Pattadar also under 6 acres. Provided that the area of both fields does not exceed 6 acres.

See in illustration Section I of Supplementary Rules 1946

Waste land.

Rule 2.—Unoccupied Waste lands.—

Clause

⁴⁷
deficient size.

The following number of occupants may be included in one Survey Number of less than the required area (2 acres).

1 Not more than 3 occupants to be included in any one Survey Number when it falls short of 2 acres.

2 But as many occupants as may be required, up to 1 acre but no more, may be included in one Survey Number.

Rule 2 — Waste (Rice) lands should be divided up into Survey Numbers of from 2 to 4 acres, average 3 acres.

Occupies Garden land.

Section III — Of Garden lands

Rule 1 — Occupied

Clause 1 — (Repealed by

See Sec III of
Supplementary
Rules. JPL

Supplementary Rules of 1880,
therefore ^{no trans-}
=lation given).

Clause 2. — Every field
with an area of ^{not less} more than
5 acres held by a single
occupant should be
made into one Survey
Number.

Clause 3. — When the land
held by a single occupant
exceeds 5 acres, it should
be divided up into 2
separate Survey Numbers;
if it exceeds 10 acres into
3 Survey Numbers, and
so on thus making each
Survey Number of about
5 acres, if held by one Pataidar.

Rule 2 — Unoccupied (Garden) — ^{unoccup}
_{Garden to}

Clause 1. — Garden lands
under

⁴⁹
under channels should
be divided up into
Survey Numbers of
from 2 to 4 acres,
average 3 acres.

Clause 2.—Well irrigated
garden lands, if former
boundary is recognizable,
should be divided
accordingly, otherwise
into Survey Numbers
of about 3 acres.

General Remarks on Sections
I, II, & III above.

x x x x x

Section IV—Of "Wat Hukum Bagait—
or coconut gardens.

perfectly independent
of any Irrigation Work.

Rule 1—All dry land
containing an appre-
-ciable number of
coconut

* Dry coconut
gardens.

cocoanut trees from 4 to 25 or more
should be considered
unirrigated gardens.

Such land with only 2 or 3
trees to the acre should
be considered dry land.

Rule 2.—A field containing
many trees should not
be clubbed with a
field containing only
2 or 3 trees to the acre
but should be measured
separately.

Section V.—Immemorial waste,
Haulgaval and such ^{Immemorial} waste.
Land should never
be included in the
same Number with
occupied

occupied land. If by any chance such a course is unavoidable the agreement of the Patterdar as well as the orders of the Assistant should be obtained and a record duly kept in each establishment.

Section VI.—Existing Orders regarding division of land into Kumbhars in the Malnad as well as regarding the measuring of Burial grounds, Groves &c, not to be affected by the
above

above ⁵⁰ Rules: But, as
laid down in the preceding
Section, no waste land
is to be included with
occupied land in the
Malnad also.

Section VIII—Object of these Rules—
is to secure Survey
Numbers of a size suit-
=able to the ability of
one occupant to cultivate
and to prevent complaints
generally.

Dated Bangalore }
29th October 1879 }

sd/ Lingappa Malhar }
Shirstedar. } Signed J. P. Grant
Superintendent Mysore
Rev. Survey

"Free Abstract Translation
J. P. Grant

Supt. Mysore Rev. Survey.

53

Supplementary to the Rules
of 1879 regarding the Division
of land into Survey Numbers.

Section I — Regarding occupied
dry crop lands.

The following is in illustration
of Rule 1 Clause 4 Section 1 of
the Rules of 1879.

occupied
dry crop land.

A holding with an area
of 4 acres contiguous to another
holding of the same extent, ...
should not be clubbed with
the other, both being divided
up into separate Survey Nos.
But when there are two hold-
ings contiguous to one another
and each of which contains an
area of only 3 acres they should
be clubbed together to form
one Survey Number.

Section II — The following Rules
are in supersession of the
orders contained in Rule 2
Section I.

65 Rule 5 if it is likely
to be taken up for
cultivation. All doubt-
ful cases to be report-
ed to the Assistant.

Section III In supersession
of Section 3 Rule 1 Clause 1
the following orders should be
observed.

Rule 1—As many holdings
as may be required to
bring a Survey Number
up to half an acre may
be clubbed together.
Half an acre should be
considered the regulation
size of a Survey Number
(garden) if holdings are clubbed
together.

Dated Bangalore
8th July 1880

Signed / J. P. Grant

Superintendent Mysore

Signed / Lingaiah
Shiristedar
Recd. Survey

Free Abstract Translation.

J. Phant
Superintendent Mysore.
Revenue Survey

Section I 84 Waste lands.

Rule 1. In the case of all waste lands waste dry crop land either red or black, whether near to or at a distance from the village from 6 to 10 acres should be considered the size for one Survey Number after duly considering the circumstances of the village as well as the condition and wishes of the Ryots.

Rule 2. If there is no demand for waste land in the village the waste lands should be divided up into large Numbers of from 100 to 200 acres.

Rule 3. Land quite unfit for cultivation should be made into Numbers of from 300 to 500 acres.

Rule 4. Land wherever situated whether near or far from the village should be made into small Numbers under Rule

శనోలైయి నెవియల్లనోబరమాదత్త బద్దెయ్యదరూలెనె-

(1)

మిట్ట, తరి, బానాయిత, తుత్త సోను, బిళ్ళ, బూమియానోబరగ్గోయావవిధా
సిమాదత్తదులూబడ్డీకేళిసివివరినెవదు.

౧. మిట్టబిమినిబడ్డీ

౧. శానవ్యబూమిబడ్డీ

౧. లారయకరికాయడేదబిత్తితియితక్కుప్రయక్తాలిట్టబూమివబ్బ
కదానెడుయిద్దలొదరల్లయరదస్సేకడేనబూమివండ్లెనోబరదల్లకొ
మొలుమాదత్తబిల్లా

౨. యకర్కదవరినూవండ్లెకడేనబూమివండ్లెనోబరమాదత్తక్కు

౩. యకర్కదమేరివండ్లెకడేనబూమియిద్దలొదరయరదసోబరమాద
త్తక్కు మత్త, యకర్కదమేరియిద్దలొదరయరదసోబరమాదత్తక్కుమ
త్తముందేయిదరంతే నామారయకర్కదసోబరగ్గోదవు.

౪. యకర్కదకేళివండ్లెకడేనబూమియిద్దలొదరయరదస్సేకడేనబూమి
నకడేనబూమి నెండావండ్లెనోబరదల్లకొమొలుమాదత్తక్కు
లాదేలూరయకర్కదబిత్తిలాదనంతరాయరదేలూగల, యరదస్సేకడే
నబూమిలారానోబరదల్లకొమొలుమాదత్తబిల్లా

౨. బిళ్ళబూమియానోబరమాదత్తబడ్డీ

౧. కట్టు, కాంనూ మసారిబిళ్ళబూమియల్లనెమారుయిప్పత్తయికర్క
దసోబరమాదత్తబిడ్డీ. యిప్పత్తయికర్కదవరినూవండునోబరమా
దబిడ్డీ. యిప్పత్తయికర్కదలానాయిత నాలత్తేదుయకర్కదవరినూయ
రడునోబరమాదబిడ్డీ. నాలత్తేదుయకర్కదలానాయితలరవత్తేదుయ
కర్కదవరినూమారునోబరమాదబిడ్డీ. ముందేయిదేక్రమవాసిసోబ

ॐ नमो भगवते वासुदेवाय

— ॐ नमो भगवते वासुदेवाय ॥

செ.கே.சி. பள்ளம்

పాదలక్షణము. లాగము. బిరుదు. లాగము. బిరుదు. లాగము. బిరుదు.

భరియోగోదకామప్రప్త్యాపాతేదారకు వండుసౌఖ్యరహితామిబుమాధవశ్శుద్ధ

॥ యశఃకరీంద్రభిరిబల్లభేలు ద్ధృష్టామూరయినవ శాతీదానరక్షోహిజ్ఞులంబేగంబ

రథలమూలము మాధవశిఖిలా

॥ రాధకేశవప్రసాదకృతః ॥

[illegible]

9. బ్రాహ్మమింద్రుడయిన కేశరియం దామయ కేశరీవరీకూలంపు సాహరమూరయకేశరీనాభిరు మాధుర్యకృష్ణు

2. ಬಾಣಾಯಲ್‌ಬಾಳಾಬಳ್ಳಿ

౧. ఈ ఉపఖ్యూమియ విత్తయ వాని =

9. ప్రతిపక్షిలా ప్రాచీన భూమి హంసలకుంటే యింకా కాయబడిన బుర్రె ప్రాచీన పక్షి వై.

యజ్ఞబూమి పంచేశదేనదయద్రులవరలయశశ్శేనబూమి పంచసంబరద్రులమోమిలమాడ.

ಅಕ್ಕಿಬಿಲ್ಲಾ-
ಕದಲಿ

— ల్పదయశరదవరినూవంబీశవీనబ్రూమివంబీనంబురూమాడలశక్తమ్

[illegible]

రసోబదో, యిదరంతే ముఖే నోబదో మాదతకాక్ష్యే

— ౧. బుద్ధబూమిసంబంధకీర్తనబరహమ్యేనః—

౧. శాలిశ్రీ లోక్తయ పబానాయలజహానాయకడయశ్రేయంధానాటయశ్రీపరిశులంప్ర-సాహాయ

కూయకశోద్ధునంబు రుమాడతకడు

౨. శక్తిబలదాత్రయవహణాయచక్షుబాసాహేదలనసాగువ్యర్థప్రతిభయవంతేయధర్మలొకదైనాశి

నామరమాదతక్కుమోపలనకద్యత్తియువలెయిల్లదివరే, మూటయకెడనబడమాదతక్కుమో

శలము అది ఇబ్బందేమిటనుజూచిశలము-

ಪ್ರಾಂಶಿಮಾಡಿ ಪಾಸ್ತಾಯ ಕೆರೆ ಬಳಿ ನೋಡಲು ಧರ್ಮಾಚಾರ್ಯರ ಹೆಸರು ಬಳಿ ನೋಡಲು, ಖಾತ್ರಿ-

దాదాశాస్త్రి వేదాంత సూక్తి కల్యాణము వందల ఐదు శ్లోకములు

విరవలయేది సూక్ష్మావాల మాడల్ కదిలా.

ಮೈಲಿಬರಹ ಮೈಲಿ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿರುತ್ತದೆ. ಯಾರು ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿಯು
ಪ್ರತಿವಿಧವಾಗಿ ದಾರ್ಶನಿಕ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬರೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ. ಲಂಕೆ.
ಸಾಣಾಸಾಣವರಿಂದ ಯಾವುದೇ ಲಲಿ ಮೈಲಿ ಬರೆದ ಮೈಲಿ ಯಾವುದೇ ಸ್ವಸ್ಥ ಮುಖ್ಯ
ಸಂಬಂಧ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ. ಸಾರ್ವತ್ರಿಕವಾದ ಸಂಬಂಧವೆಂದು ನಮಗೆ
ಪ್ರವೃತ್ತಿಯಿದೆ.

ಮೈಲಿ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಯಾರು ಮೊದಲು ಸಂಪಾದಿಸಿದ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ
ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಜನರ ದಾರ್ಶನಿಕ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬರೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ. ಯಾವುದೇ
ಸಾಣಾಸಾಣವರಿಂದ ಯಾವುದೇ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಜನರ ದಾರ್ಶನಿಕ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬರೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.
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ಶ್ರೀಗಣೇಶ
ಶರಣಾರ್ಥಿ.

ಶ್ರೀಗಣೇಶ
ಸಾಣಾಸಾಣವರಿಂದ ಯಾವುದೇ ಸ್ವಾಮಿ ಜನರ ದಾರ್ಶನಿಕ ಮುಖ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬರೆ ಸಂಬಂಧ ಮಾಡಲ್ಪಟ್ಟಿದೆ.

ననోలలెనో ఇనవియల్లనంబరమాడ-

64

తక్కుబస్యేద్యుద్ధదూలరినమరవణి;

లలం నేయినవిసంబరు.

౧. మిట్టసాగవల్లబస్యే

౧. నదరదూలరినకల్పమూలకలము ౪ నేదర బు దాదరణీయ

ఒందు ఇనమన ౪ ఎకరేగళ ఒందు దూలపు ఇద్ద్ర, నల్లరమల్త్రాందు ఇ

నమన ౪ ఎకరేగళదూలపు ఇద్ద్ర ౪ ఎకరేగళదూలపు ఒందు ఇనమందు కాయ

దగ్గ మేరిగి బుత్తెందు, నాల్గు ఎకరేగళ ఒందునంబరమాడతక్కుద్దు. ఎరడనీ

౪ ఎకరేగళనంబరు మోవాలమాడి, నంబరమాడతక్కుద్దులా. కాంగ్గ మూడు ఎకరేగళ

దూలపు ఒందు ఇనమందు, మల్త్రాందు మూడు ఎకరేగళదూలపు ఇద్ద్ర మూడిరితి

దు ఎకరేగళకాయపే బుత్తెందు, ఒందునంబరమాడలక్కి లద్దెయలా-

౨. నదరకాయదేదకలము, బల్లబూబయబస్యే ఇద్ద్ర మూరా కద్ద్రమాది, కేళసేన

మూదిగిదమేరిగి జూరిలతరతక్కుద్దు

౧. కమ్మ మల్త్ర మసారి బల్లబూబ క్రమద నల్లర ఇద్ద్ర లద్దెవాదూర ఇ

ద్ద్ర క్రమద నల్లర మల్త్ర రేల్లరేల్ల మల్త్ర లవరవర వడంబడికి మేరిగి ౬ ఎ

కరేగళం దా ౧౦ ఎకరేగళవరినూ ఒందునంబరమాడతక్కుద్దు

౩. నదరతరదేదబూబ ఇద్ద్ర క్రమదల్ల సావళి మూడతక్కుజనరు విరేమవాది

లూ గల, బూబబిజనగళ ఇద్ద్ర మూసాగల సే ఇట్టే సావలిలా. క్కమేరిగి

ఇద్ద్ర, మూరా బాక్ర మూడి హేందు ౧౦౦ ఎకరేగళం దా ౨౦౦ ఎకరేగళవరినూ

నంబరమాడతక్కుద్దు

౪. యావ బూబ ఎండేది నూసా సాగతక్కుద్దు. లందరి సుద్ద్రము లాద్ద్ర లందర

ల్లదనగళ మేయ సువదక్కి మూల్లెన పొల ఇంధా బూబ ౩౦౦ ఎకరేగళం దా

౨౦౦ ఎకరేగళవరినూ నంబరమాడబిక్కు

Read: -
Review of Proceedings of
a meeting held by the Bureau
at Singapore on the 29th March/87.
Secretary, Superintendent
Letter Nos 305 and 486 of the
6th May and 11th August/87
checked.

Section	82 of 1875
The No	12
Serial No	12

"4461-9" 29 August 1875
123

27/8
C. J. R.

In the above letter,
the survey Superintendent
reports on certain points
discussed in para 7, 8
and 11 of the Proceedings
dated the 29th March last
and after a further perusal
discussion of the subject
with him, the following
inclusions are made.

2. First, with regard
to the inconsistency
large size of fields, the
Superintendent points out
that by the new Rules
of 1879, the minimum
size of fields having
been

been considerably reduced,
 no inconvenience is likely
 to be felt in the Taluks
 surveyed subsequent to
 the date of the above
 Rules. Under these Rules,
 6 acres of dry land and
 2 acres of rice land being
 considered the regulation
 size of a Survey number,
 fields of less area are
 done clubbed together pro-
 vided their total area
 does not exceed the above
 limits. But a field from
 6 to 15 acres in extent of
 dry lands or 2 to 5 acres
 in wet is demarcated as
 one number, if held by
 a single Puttadar, apparently
 without reference to his
 wishes. The Dewan is, however,
 of opinion that in these
 cases, the holders of the
 lands

lands should at the time of the survey, be allowed the option of getting such fields subdivided into 2 numbers, and that the measuring officers should consult and attend to their wishes in the matter. The comparatively poor condition of the Ryots in the Province and the uncertainty of the seasons which often do not permit the Ryots to cultivate more than a limited extent of land in the year, renders it undesirable that they should be saddled with larger fields than they can ordinarily cultivate and pay for.

3. With regard to the Taluks already settled,

It should, as proposed
of the Survey Report,
extend to unoccupied
able lands which
likely to be brought
under cultivation
now or later—

carried out once for all,
and no applications for
the same will be after-
wards entertained.

But it is not deemed
expedient that the Rights
should be deterred from
coming forward with their
applications by being
called upon to bear the
cost of such subdivision
and reclassification.
The cost will be properly
borne by the Government
itself. The labor and cost
of erecting fresh Boundary
marks will act as a
sufficient deterrent
against needless applica-
tions on the subject.

4. The Dewan is further
of opinion that the sub-
division should not be
limited to fields of 15 acres.

and upwards in dry
lands and 5 acres or more
in wet or garden, but
that as above laid down
in regard to future
Surveys, holders of fields
of more than the minimum
area of 6 acres in dry
' of 2 acres in wet should
be allowed an option
of getting them subdivided.
It is the poorer holders
of these smaller fields
whose convenience has
chiefly to be consulted,
and it is important,
that in undertaking
the labor and cost of
the subdivision, it
should be carried into
effect once for all in
a manner agreeable
to the wishes of the people, so

87

the Dewan approves of
the Survey Superintendents'
proposal to call upon
the Deputy Commissioners
to get the Village Shambhogs
to prepare a list of the
larger fields, which, the
Pottadars would wish to
be subdivided; that these
lists should be examined
by them or their assistants
at the time of Jambundi
item by item after enquiry
of the individual Pottadars
and made over to the
Survey Department to
carry the subdivision
into effect, and that the
fields so subdivided
should be subject to a
reclassification where
found necessary. The
subdivision should be
carried

92 ✓

8

as to avoid the necessity for any operations of the kind again hereafter. It may perhaps be advisable to take one District in the present year and see in what manner the measure works.

5. It must be noted that the existing Rules in regard to the subdivisions of lands under the decrees of the Civil Courts under Section 17 of Act No IV of 1868, fix much lower minimum areas below which such subdivisions are not allowable. The minimum area of fields fixed by these Rules are:—

Dry crop land — 3 acre
 Rice land — 20 bungal
 Garden land — 10 — do.

3

b. With regard to the question of partial remission of the assessment on wet lands laid waste from want of water, the Dewan observes that the necessity for such indulgence arises from the fact that though the Survey assessment is based as regards water-supply upon a fair average of a number of years, it is not possible as a matter of fact for Ryots in ordinary circumstances to pay the comparatively high rates of assessment on the wet lands which they are obliged to leave waste, and the refusal to shew them a reasonable consideration in such cases leads to their getting these remissions in the

more objectionable form of irrecoverable balances, or sometimes to the objectionable system of their throwing up lands at the beginning of the year, and again taking them up when the prospects of rain and water supply become assured - This opens a door to collusion and fraud on the part of the Shauboques, and it is of great importance to encourage the Ryots to retain their lands without such needless relinquishments and reoccupations of lands.

The proposal therefore to levy only a half assessment on wet lands

laid waste ^{while} ~~will be~~ sufficient.

- ~~law of~~ ~~providing for other cases,~~
showing ^{reasonable} consideration
where ~~it is~~ needed, will
be uniform in its action,
and will not be open
to the objections which
exist in regard to
remissions generally. The
levy of the half assess-
ment will act as
a sufficient deterrent
against lands being
needlessly laid waste.

7/ The following Rules
therefore are provisionally
sanctioned on the
subject -

I. Entire fields of
wet lands or other lands
irrigated from Govt
works laid waste
will be allowed a
remission of half their
assessment.

II. The above Rule^{to} is not to apply to lands irrigated from River channels or other perennial and abundant means of irrigation. in which case the remission will only be allowed if the source of irrigation has broken or is otherwise not available for irrigation.

III. The above remission is not claimable as a right, and where the occupant of the land is found to keep the land waste for more than one year, ~~either~~ from mere neglect and not from any want of water, or with the view of using it for pasture & other purposes, the remission will not be allowed.

77

8. It will be seen that where the Irrigation is not of a permanent kind, no enquiry is required in regard to the insufficiency of the water, or the cause of the land being laid waste in the first year - The object is to protect the Ryots from any annoyance by such enquiry, and even where the lands are waste through mere neglect, the Govt will have the advantage of using the water to other lands. Whilst the half assessment as already observed will be a deterrent against any wilful neglect on the part of the Ryots.

9. Any difficulty ~~and~~ need be apprehended only where the fields, whether in surveyed or unsurveyed Taluks, are

78

4/.

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large, and the Ryots are induced to throw the whole field waste even when they are able to cultivate a portion, in view to secure the remission - But this difficulty would to a great extent be removed under the measures adopted to subdivide such large ~~fields~~^{areas} areas into fields of convenient size, and the ^{levy of the} half assessment will in all cases be a sufficient protection for the interests of Govt. -

10. The Settlement Officers should personally enquire into these cases of remissions and satisfy themselves in every case that the fields have been examined

by proper Officers and
have really been waste.

An individual statement
of the ^{little} remissions, should
also be submitted to
the Govt. for sanction.

Print

Secy

To. The Survey Superintt.

" The Dy. Commr. of Distts.

$\frac{8}{8147}$
82

29' August 81

$\frac{N^o 4461-8}{123.}$

4800-10000 printed
Rd
29-8-81
30/8/81

Issuing instructions
regarding the sub-division
of inconveniently large
fields, &c. -

No 77 of 1882
A
10,

Survey Superintendent's Office
Bangalore 2nd February 1882

The Secretary to the Dewan
of Mysore.

L R Sir,
3 of 1875

~~13~~ I have the honor to offer the following remarks upon the Orders of the Dewan No. 4461-9 dated the 29th August 1881 on the subject of subdividing inconveniently large Survey fields.

2 Lists in accordance with Para 3 of the Order in question are I believe now under preparation in all the Districts. As yet however lists for only one Taluk, Chik-naikahally, have reached me and a careful examination of these lists field by field has convinced me that some modification of para 4 of the above Order is necessary.

3 The application to all Taluk, for the purposes of subdivision, of one and the same minimum area,
more

more especially as regards dry land, is in ~~my~~ ^{my} opinion impredictable. Climate, soils, description of cultivation, mode of husbandry, all these cause great variation in the extent of land capable of cultivation by one pair of bullocks which last consideration in the main forms the basis of the division of the village lands into fields.

4 Taking the Taluk of Chiknaikahalli for illustration I find there are about 1600 applications for subdivision. Of these a very large proportion are not bona fide, with reference to the objects of the Dewan's Order. Transfers contrary to Rules, petty complaints regarding a small portion, sometimes only a few guntas, of a field being worse than the rest, distribution amongst the hereditary sharers in a field, all are assigned as the reason for subdivision, and even where no reason is assigned the presumption, looking at the size of the fields in most instances and the lightness of the assessment, is

is that some such object as I have mentioned is at the bottom of the application. This is only the natural strain resulting from the application of a system to which the people are not yet quite accustomed. It is generally stated that 6 acres is as much as a ryot of ordinary means in Chiknaitkanahalli can cultivate but experience disproves this as many ryots of ordinary means cultivate far more than 6 acres, others again cultivate less. In Chiknaitkanahalli there were at the time of Classification 9,000 ploughs to 61,849 acres of occupied dry land alone, giving an average of nearly 7 acres per plough and this quite independent of nearly 9,000 acres of wet land. In my opinion 6 acres of dry land in this or any similar Taluk is too small a minimum for our purpose, 10 acres which has already had the concurrence of the Deputy Commissioner.

84

Commissioner is far more suitable and will fully afford all the relief that was intended in the Demands Order that is really required by the people. As regards wet land the minimum might stand at 2 acres as laid down for this Taluk.

5 It may be said that if the ryots wish it why not let them have as much subdivision as they wish for? To this I would reply that it is absolutely necessary that the Survey field should not be smaller than necessary, and also that it should be in conformity with some fixed limit. Such has always been the principle laid down and followed in the Survey and I am quite sure that any departure from this principle can only lead to confusion and abuse of the concession intended by the Order under reference.

85
reference.

6 I recommend strongly that the fixing of the limit in each Taluk be left to the Deputy Commissioner and myself for, as already remarked, the circumstances of each Taluk vary too much to admit of the same minimum being adopted. The preparation of the lists now in progress need not be interfered with, only, on receipt for each Taluk, the limit of subdivision should be fixed and all cases not coming within those limits should be disallowed.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most Obedt Servt.

H. H. H. H.
Superintendent
Mysore Rev. Survey

2
S147 db

1882

From

The Supt. ~~of~~ ^{Rev. Survey} Mysore

To

The Secretary to Chief Commissioner, ~~the~~ ^{General Department} of Mysore

Dated

Despatched

Received

Bangalore
2nd February 1882

ENCLOSURES NO.

General No.

No.

1882-7

It is recommended that the limit of subdivision with reference to the Dewan's Order No. 4461-9 dated 29th August 1881 be fixed by the Supt. of Survey in communication with the Deputy Commr. of Districts.

Vide

Secy

For the Dewan's Order

LR Head letter No 77 of the 2^d
 Section. February 1882 from The
 File No 806/1875 Superintendent of Revenue
 Serial No 114 Survey.

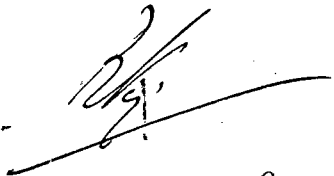
No 9466-74 of 17th March order thereon:
 275.

The Dewani has ⁴⁴⁶⁶⁻⁹ to modify the order of 29/3/87 ~~that~~ no objection ⁱⁿ ~~in~~ ^{regarding} ~~regarding~~ the subdivi-
 -sion of ~~fields~~ dry land in Taluk already surveyed, the
 limit ~~and each Taluk~~ ~~with~~ of area
 above which sub-
 -division is to be
 allowed will be
 left to be settled
 by the Dy Commr &
 the Survey Supt.
 for each Taluk
 with reference to ^{its} ~~its~~
 circumstances.

It ~~he~~ must however be

observed that when
~~was~~ a general limit
 of 6 acres has been fixed
 for all Salukos hereafter
 to be surveyed, it may
 be found difficult
 to refuse a similar
 conception elsewhere
 when applied for.

The best guarantee against
 needless applications
 of the kind is the cost
 of erecting fresh boundary
 marks which if
 necessary the applicants
 may be asked to deposit.

True 

1-1

To

The Supdt. Revenue Survey
 Deputy Commr. of Dist.

1882
S. J. 1

Revenue

Dated 17 March

No. 9466-74
275

1882
S. J. 1

Modifying the order
of 29 August 1881 regarding
the sub-division of inconveniently
large fields.